Year 9 Spanish Verbs!

The Conditional Tense: *'would'*

Keep the infinitive, add the following endings

comer**ía**	***I would*** *eat*
comer**ías**	***you (sing.) would*** *eat*
comer**ía**	***he/she/it/usted would*** *eat*
comer**íamos**	***we would*** *eat*
comer**íais**	***you (pl.) would*** *eat*
comer**ían**	***they/ustedes would*** *eat*

Irregular stems

decir → dir-	*diría = I would say/tell*
hacer → har-	*haría = I would do/make*
haber → habr-*	*habría = I would have*
poder → podr-	*podría = I would be able*
poner → pondr-	*pondría = I would put*
querer → querr-	*querría = I would want*
saber → sabr-	*sabría = I would know*
salir → saldr-	*saldría = I would go out*
tener → tendr-	*tendría = I would have*
venir → vendr-	*vendría = I would come*
	****habría = there would be***

The Imperfect tense

- *what used to happen, or was happening*
- *describing scenes in the past*
- *only 3 irregular verbs*

Verbs ending in -AR		***verbs ending in –ER and -IR***	
Comprar	***to buy***	**Comer**	***to eat***
compraba	*I was buying/used to buy*	comía	*I was eating/used to eat*
comprabas	*you were buying/used to buy*	comías	*you were eating/used to eat*
compraba	*he/she/Ud. were buying/used to buy*	comía	*he/she/Ud. were eating/used to eat*
comprábamos	*we were buying/used to buy*	comíamos	*we were eating/used to eat*
comprabais	*you (pl.) were buying/used to buy*	comíais	*you (pl.) were eating/used to eat*
compraban	*they/Uds. were buying/used to buy*	comían	*they/Uds. were eating/used to eat*

Irregular verbs

Ir	***to go***	**Ser**	***to be***
iba	*I was going/used to go*	era	*I was/used to be*
ibas	*you were going/used to go*	eras	*You were/used to be*
iba	*he/she/Ud. were going/used to go*	era	*He/she/Ud. was/used to be*
íbamos	*we were going/used to go*	éramos	*we were/used to be*
ibais	*you (pl.) were going/used to go*	erais	*you (pl.) were/used to be*
iban	*they/Uds. were going/used to go*	eran	*they/Uds. were/used to be*

*The verb '***ver***' (to watch/see) also keeps the '***ve***' stem, with regular endings e.g. v**e**ía – I was watching/used to watch*

Usted, Ustedes

Usted (singular) and **Ustedes** (plural) mean 'you' in Spanish when being formal or polite. They use the **3rd person form** of the verb (*he/she* and *they*). The short form is **Ud./Uds.**

¿Cómo estás (tú)?	*How are you (singular, informal)?*
¿Cómo est**á** (**usted**)?	*How are you (singular, formal)?*
¿Cómo estáis (vosotros)?	*How are you (plural, informal)?*
¿Cómo est**án** (**ustedes**)?	*How are you (plural, formal)?*